

A

Banking Transactions

В

Competencies:

Main competency: Banking Transactions and Online Payments

Sub competencies:

- 1: Opening a bank account
- 2: Making deposits
- 3: Withdrawal of money

C

Learning Outcomes:

By the end of the lesson, students should be able to:

- 1. demonstrate an understanding of the documents needed to deposit and withdraw money at the bank.
- 2. differentiate between deposit and withdrawal form.
- 3. describe the correct steps to deposit and withdraw money.

D

Resources and materials:

- Pencils
- Pens

Implementation guidelines

1.) Begin the class by introducing the topic: what is a bank, and why do we use it?

Bank: A place where people keep their money safely.

- 2. The teacher explains how a person can open a bank account, deposit money and withdraw money from the bank.
- 3. Use the scenario of Christopher Liam, a carpenter, who decides to open a bank account at the Rainbow Bank in March 2025.
- 4. Steps required to open a bank Account (Form Number 1)

Step 1 Bring identity card and money to be deposited. Step 2 Fill in the form.

i. The teacher explains that Christopher goes to the bank with his ID card and Rs 5000.

Details to be filled in.

- ii. He fills out an Account Opening Form.
- iii. Explain that this form has his details, like his name, date of birth, address, and what kinds of accounts are suitable.
- iv. Explain this part of the form:
 - Type of account: Savings Account



A savings account helps you keep money safe and earn a little interest.

- v. An Identity card is required to open a bank account.
- vi. A debit card can be requested to use at the ATM.

5. Cash Deposit

Explanation about a Cash Deposit (Form Number 2- Cash Deposit Receipt).

- i. Relate the situation in which Christopher earns Rs 3000 from a job.
- ii. He goes to the bank and deposits the money using a Cash Deposit Receipt. He gives the teller cash and fills out the number of notes he has.
- iii. Explain to students the keywords:
 - Deposit: A sum of money paid into the bank account.
 - Teller: a person who works at the bank counter and helps you with money transactions.
 - Receipt: a paper that shows proof you deposited or withdrew money.
- iv. Provide some explanation to students about how notes are counted:
 - 1 note of Rs 1000
 - 2 notes of Rs 500
 - 5 notes of Rs 200

The total is Rs 3,000. The bank gives him a receipt signed by the teller with stamp of the bank.

6. Cheque Deposit

Explanation about depositing a cheque (Cheque Deposit Receipt)

- i. Christopher receives of Rs 1000 from a client.
- ii. Instead of cash, this time he deposits a cheque at the bank.

7.) Provide explanation on some keywords:

- Cheque: is a document that orders a bank to pay a specific amount of money.
- · Cheque deposit receipt: a receipt the bank gives after.
- 8. Explanation to students that the money will be added to the account after the bank processes the cheque.
 - (9) Withdrawing money Explanation about making a withdrawal (for number 3- withdrawal form)
 - i. On the 20th of March, Christopher needs money to buy tools.
 - ii. He goes to the bank and withdraws Rs 2500 using a Savings Withdrawal Form.
 - (0) Provide explanation on some keywords:
 - · Withdrawal: taking money out of your bank account.
 - · Funds: another word for money
 - Saving Withdrawal Form: a form you fill out to take out money from your savings account.
 - 11. Explain to students that Christopher fills out the form and the teller checks his ID and account, then gives him the money/cash.
 - 12) Oral Recap:
 - a. What documents are needed to open a bank account?
 - b. What is a deposit, and how can we do it?
 - c. What is the difference between depositing cash and a cheque?
 - d. How can money be withdrawn from a bank account?



Activity 1: Banking Transactions

- 1. The student will learn how to fill in different bank forms (deposit forms, cheque forms, and withdrawal forms).
- 2. The student will read a short story about Aisha. She runs a cupcake business. She gets money in cash and by cheque and sometimes takes money out for her business.
- The student's task is to look at each transaction and decide which form to use: cash deposit form for cash, cheque deposit form for cheques, or withdrawal form for taking money out.
- 4. After choosing the right form, the student will fill it in with the correct details like the date, amount, number of notes or coins (if it is a cash deposit), and the reason for withdrawal (if needed).



Activity 2: Tick the correct bank form

1. The student will tick (\checkmark) the appropriate bank form.



Activity 3: Neha's Bank Transactions- Calculate her bank balance

- 1. The student will read each of Neha's transactions for March.
- 2. The student will fill in the correct amount in the "Amount received" or "Amount withdrawn" column of the table.
- 3. The student will calculate Neha's bank balance.